NAME

clisp – **ANSI**^[38] **Common Lisp**^[1] compiler, interpreter and debugger.

SYNOPSIS

```
clisp [[-h] | [--help]] [--version] [--license] [-help-image] [-B lisp-lib-dir] [-b] [-K linking-set] [-M mem-file] [-m memory-size] [-L language] [-N locale-dir] [-Edomain encoding] [[-q] | [--quiet] | [--silent] | [-v] | [--verbose]] [-on-error action] [-repl] [-w] [-I] [-disable-readline] [[-ansi] | [-traditional]] [-modern] [-p package] [-C] [-norc] [-lp directory...] [-i init-file...] [-c [-l] lisp-file [-o output-file]...] [-x expressions...] [lisp-file [argument...]]
```

DESCRIPTION

Invokes the **Common Lisp**^[1] interpreter and compiler.

Interactive Mode

When called without batch arguments, executes the **read-eval-print loop**^[2], in which expressions are in turn

- **READ**^[3] from the standard input,
- **EVAL**^[4]uated by the lisp interpreter,
- and their results are **PRINT**^[5]ed to the standard output.

Non-Interactive (Batch) Mode

Invoked with $-\mathbf{c}$, compiles the specified lisp files to a platform-independent bytecode which can be executed more efficiently.

Invoked with -x, executes the specified lisp expressions.

Invoked with *lisp-file*, runs the specified lisp file.

Batch mode activates the -q option.

OPTIONS

_h

--help

Displays a help message on how to invoke CLISP^[6].

--version

Displays the CLISP^[6] version number, as given by the function LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION^[7], the value of the variable *FEATURES*, as well some other information.

--license

Displays a summary of the licensing information, the **GNU**^[8] **GPL**^[9].

-help-image

Displays information about the memory image being invoked: whether is it suitable for scripting as well as the **:DOCUMENTATION** supplied to **EXT:SAVEINITMEM**.

$-\mathbf{B}\ lisp-lib-dir$

Specifies the installation directory. This is the directory containing the linking sets and other data files. This option is normally not necessary, because the installation directory is already built–in into the **clisp** executable. Directory *lisp–lib–dir* can be changed dynamically using the **SYMBOL–MACRO**^[10] *CUSTOM:*LIB–DIRECTORY**.

-b

Print the installation directory and exit immediately. The namestring of *CUSTOM:*LIB-DIRECTORY** is printed without any quotes. This is mostly useful in module Makefiles, see, e.g., modules/syscalls/Makefile.in (file in the CLISP sources).

-K linking-set

Specifies the linking set to be run. This is a directory (relative to the *lisp-lib-dir*) containing at least a main executable (runtime) and an initial memory image. Possible values are

file

```
base
         the core CLISP<sup>[6]</sup>
    full
         core plus all the modules with which this installation was built, see Section 32.2, "External
         Modules".
     The default is base.
-M mem-file
     Specifies the initial memory image. This must be a memory dump produced by the
    EXT:SAVEINITMEM function by this clisp runtime. It may have been compressed using GNU<sup>[8]</sup>
    gzip<sup>[11]</sup>.
-m memory-size
    Sets the amount of memory CLISP<sup>[6]</sup> tries to grab on startup. The amount may be given as
    n\mathbf{B}
         measured in bytes
    n
    nW
         measured in machine words (4 \times n on 32-bit platforms, 8 \times n on 64-bit platforms)
    n\mathbf{K}
    nKB
         measured in kilobytes
    nKW
         measured in kilowords
    n\mathbf{M}
    nMB
         measured in megabytes
    nMW
         measured in megawords
    The default is 3 megabytes. The argument is constrained above 100 KB.
     This version of CLISP<sup>[6]</sup> allocates memory dynamically. memory-size is essentially ignored (except
     that it determines the Lisp STACK size).
-L language
    Specifies the language CLISP<sup>[6]</sup> uses to communicate with the user. This may be one of english,
     german, french, spanish, dutch, russian, danish. Other languages may be specified through the
     environment variable<sup>[12]</sup> LANG, provided the corresponding message catalog is installed. The
    language may be changed dynamically using the SYMBOL-MACRO [10]
     CUSTOM: *CURRENT-LANGUAGE*.
-N locale-dir
    Specifies the base directory of locale files. CLISP<sup>[6]</sup> will search its message catalogs in
    locale-dir/language/LC_MESSAGES/clisp.mo. This directory may be changed dynamically using the
    SYMBOL-MACRO<sup>[10]</sup> CUSTOM:*CURRENT-LANGUAGE*.
-Edomain encoding
     Specifies the encoding used for the given domain, overriding the default which depends on the
    environment variable<sup>[12]</sup>s LC ALL, LC CTYPE, LANG. domain can be
```

affecting CUSTOM: *DEFAULT-FILE-ENCODING*

```
pathname
          affecting CUSTOM: *PATHNAME-ENCODING*
          affecting CUSTOM: *TERMINAL-ENCODING*
          affecting CUSTOM: *FOREIGN-ENCODING*
    misc
          affecting CUSTOM:*MISC-ENCODING*
    blank
          affecting all of the above.
          Warning
          Note that the values of these SYMBOL-MACRO<sup>[10]</sup>s that have been saved in a memory image are ignored:
          these SYMBOL-MACRO<sup>[10]</sup>s are reset based on the OS environment after the memory image is loaded.
          You have to use the RC file, CUSTOM:*INIT-HOOKS* or init function to set them on startup, but it is best
          to set the aforementioned environment variable<sup>[12]</sup>s appropriately for consistency with other programs. See
          Section 31.1, "Customizing CLISP Process Initialization and Termination".
--quiet
--silent
    Change verbosity level: by default, \text{CLISP}^{[6]} displays a banner at startup and a good–bye message when quitting, and initializes *LOAD-VERBOSE*^{[13]} and *COMPILE-VERBOSE*^{[14]} to \textbf{T}^{[15]}, and
     *LOAD-PRINT*[13] and *COMPILE-PRINT*[14] to NIL[16], as per [ANSI CL standard]. The first
     -q removes the banner and the good-bye message, the second sets variables *LOAD-VERBOSE*[13],
     *COMPILE-VERBOSE*[14] and CUSTOM: *SAVEINITMEM-VERBOSE* to NIL [16]. The first -v
     sets variables CUSTOM:*REPORT-ERROR-PRINT-BACKTRACE*, *LOAD-PRINT*[13] and
     *COMPILE-PRINT*[14] to T^{[15]}, the second sets CUSTOM: *LOAD-ECHO* to T^{[15]}. These settings
    affect the output produced by -i and -c options. Note that these settings persist into the
    read-eval-print loop<sup>[2]</sup>. Repeated -\mathbf{q} and -\mathbf{v} cancel each other, e.g., -\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{q} - \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v} is equivalent to
```

-on-error action

```
Establish global error handlers, depending on action:.PP appease continuable<sup>[17]</sup> ERROR<sup>[18]</sup>s are turned into WARNING<sup>[19]</sup>s (with EXT:APPEASE-CERRORS) other ERROR<sup>[18]</sup>s are handled in the default way debug ERROR<sup>[18]</sup>s INVOKE-DEBUGGER<sup>[20]</sup> (the normal read-eval-print loop<sup>[2]</sup> behavior), disables batch mode imposed by -c, -x, and lisp-file,
```

abort continuable^[17] ERROR^[18]s are appeased, other ERROR^[18]s are ABORT^[21]ed with EXT:ABORT-ON-ERROR

exit

continuable^[17] **ERROR**^[18]s are appeased, other **ERROR**^[18]s terminate **CLISP**^[6] with **EXT:EXIT-ON-ERROR** (the normal batch mode behavior).

See also EXT:SET-GLOBAL-HANDLER.

-repl

Start an interactive **read–eval–print loop**^[2] after processing the **-c**, **-x**, and *lisp–file* options and on any **ERROR**^[18] **SIGNAL**^[22]ed during that processing.

Disables batch mode.

-w

Wait for a keypress after program termination.

-I

Interact better with **Emacs**^[23] (useful when running **CLISP**^[6] under **Emacs**^[23] using **SLIME**^[24], **ILISP**^[25] et al). With this option, **CLISP**^[6] interacts in a way that **Emacs**^[23] can deal with:

- · unnecessary prompts are not suppressed.
- The **GNU**^[8] **readline**^[26] library treats TAB (see TAB key) as a normal self–inserting character (see Q: A.4.6).

-disable-readline

Do not use $\mathbf{GNU}^{[8]}$ readline^[26] even when it has been linked against. This can be used if one wants to paste non- $ASCII^{[27]}$ characters, or when $\mathbf{GNU}^{[8]}$ readline^[26] misbehaves due to installation (different versions on the build and install machines) or setup (bad **TERM environment variable**^[12] value) issues.

-ansi

Comply with the [ANSI CL standard] specification even where **CLISP**^[6] has been traditionally different by setting the **SYMBOL–MACRO**^[10] *CUSTOM:*ANSI** to **T**^[15].

-traditional

Traditional: reverses the residual effects of **-ansi** in the saved memory image.

_modern

Provides a modern view of symbols: at startup the *PACKAGE*^[28] variable will be set to the "CS-COMMON-LISP-USER" package, and the *PRINT-CASE*^[29] will be set to **:DOWNCASE**. This has the effect that symbol lookup is case-sensitive (except for keywords and old-style packages) and that keywords and uninterned symbols are printed with lower-case preferrence. See Section 11.5, "Package Case-Sensitivity".

-p package

At startup the value of the variable *PACKAGE*[28] will be set to the package named package. The default is the value of *PACKAGE*[28] when the image was saved, normally "COMMON-LISP-USER"[30].

-C

Compile when loading: at startup the value of the variable CUSTOM:*LOAD-COMPILING* will be set to $\mathbf{T}^{[15]}$. Code being $\mathbf{LOAD}^{[31]}$ ed will then be $\mathbf{COMPILE}^{[32]}$ d on the fly. This results in slower loading, but faster execution.

-norc

Normally CLISP^[6] loads the user "run control" (RC)^[33] file on startup (this happens after the –C option is processed). The file loaded is .clisprc.lisp or .clisprc.fas in the home directory USER-HOMEDIR-PATHNAME^[34], whichever is newer. This option, –norc, prevents loading of the RC file.

-lp directory

Specifies directories to be added to *CUSTOM:*LOAD-PATHS** at startup. This is done **after** loading the RC file (so that it does not override the command-line option) but **before** loading the init-files specified by the **-i** options (so that the init-files will be searched for in the specified directories). Several **-lp** options can be given; all the specified directories will be added.

−i init−file

Specifies initialization files to be **LOAD**^[31]ed at startup. These should be lisp files (source or compiled). Several **–i** options can be given; all the specified files will be loaded in order.

-c lisp−file

Compiles the specified *lisp-files* to bytecode (*.fas). The compiled files can then be **LOAD**^[31]ed instead of the sources to gain efficiency.

Imposes batch mode.

-o outputfile

Specifies the output file or directory for the compilation of the last specified *lisp-file*.

Produce a bytecode **DISASSEMBLE**^[35] listing (*.lis) of the files being compiled. Useful only for debugging. See Section 24.1, "Function COMPILE-FILE" for details.

-x expressions

Executes a series of arbitrary expressions instead of a **read–eval–print loop**^[2]. The values of the expressions will be output to **STANDARD–OUTPUT**^[36]. Due to the argument processing done by the shell, the *expressions* must be enclosed in double quotes, and double quotes and backslashes must be escaped with backslashes.

Imposes batch mode.

```
lisp-file [ argument ... ]
```

Loads and executes a lisp-file, as described in Section 32.6.2, "Scripting with CLISP". There will be no **read-eval-print loop**^[2]. Before lisp-file is loaded, the variable EXT:*ARGS* will be bound to a list of strings, representing the *arguments*. The first line of lisp-file may start with #!, thus permitting **CLISP**^[6] to be used as a script interpreter. If lisp-file is –, the *STANDARD-INPUT*^[36] is used instead of a file.

This option is *disabled* if the memory image was created by **EXT:SAVEINITMEM** with **NIL**^[16] **:SCRIPT** argument. In that case the **LIST**^[37] *EXT:*ARGS** starts with *lisp-file*.

This option must be the last one.

No RC file will be executed.

Imposes batch mode.

As usual, — stops option processing and places all remaining command line arguments into EXT:*ARGS*.

LANGUAGE REFERENCE

The language implemented is **ANSI**^[39][38] **Common Lisp**^[1]. The implementation mostly conforms to the ANSI Common Lisp standard, see Section 31.10, "Maximum ANSI CL compliance". [ANSI CL] ANSI CL standard1994. **ANSI**^[40] INCITS 226-1994 (R1999)

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COMMAND LINE USER ENVIRONMENT

```
help
```

get context-sensitive on-line help, see Chapter 25, Environment chap-25.

```
(APROPOS name)
```

```
list the SYMBOL<sup>[41]</sup>s matching name.
```

```
(DESCRIBE symbol)
```

describe the *symbol*.

(exit)

(quit)

(bye)

quit **CLISP**^[6].

EOF (Control+D on UNIX^[42])

leave the current level of the **read–eval–print loop**^[2] (see also Section 1.1, "Special Symbols sec_1-4-1-3").

arrow keys

Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin19.6.0

for editing and viewing the input history, using the **GNU**^[8] readline^[26] library.

TAB key

Context sensitive:

- If you are in the "function position" (in the first symbol after an opening paren or in the first symbol after a #^{1[44]}), the completion is limited to the symbols that name functions.
- If you are in the "filename position" (inside a string after #P^[45]), the completion is done across file names, GNU^[8] bash^[46]—style.
- If you have not typed anything yet, you will get a help message, as if by the help command.
- If you have not started typing the next symbol (i.e., you are at a whitespace), the current function or macro is **DESCRIBE**d.
- Otherwise, the symbol you are currently typing is completed.

USING AND EXTENDING CLISP

Common Lisp^[1] is a *programmable* programming language. —**John Foderaro**^[47].PP When **CLISP**^[6] is invoked, the runtime loads the initial memory image and outputs the prompt; at which one can start typing **DEFVAR**^[48]s, **DEFUN**^[49]s and **DEFMACRO**^[50]s.

To avoid having to re-enter the same definitions by hand in every session, one can create a lisp file with all the variables, functions, macros, etc.; (optionally) compile it with **COMPILE-FILE**^[51]; and **LOAD**^[31] it either by hand or from the RC file; or save a memory image to avoid the **LOAD**^[31] overhead.

However, sometimes one needs to use some functionality implemented in another language, e.g., call a $\mathbb{C}^{[52]}$ library function. For that one uses the Foreign Function Interface and/or the External Modules facility. Finally, the truly adventurous ones might delve into Extending the Core.

FILES

```
clisp
```

clisp.exe

startup driver (an executable or, rarely, a shell script) which remembers the location of the runtime and starts it with the appropriate arguments

lisp.run

lisp.exe

main executable (runtime) – the part of $CLISP^{[6]}$ implemented in $C^{[52]}$.

lispinit.men

initial memory image (the part of CLISP^[6] implemented in lisp)

config.list

site-dependent configuration (should have been customized before **CLISP**^[6] was built); see Section 31.12, "Customizing CLISP behavior"

*.lisp

lisp source

*.fas

lisp code, compiled by CLISP^[6]

*.lib

lisp source library information, generated by **COMPILE-FILE**, see Section 24.3, "Function REQUIRE".

*.c

C code, compiled from lisp source by **CLISP**^[6] (see Section 32.3, "The Foreign Function Call Facility")

For the CLISP^[6] source files, see Chapter 34, The source files of CLISP.

ENVIRONMENT

All **environment variable**^[12]s that **CLISP**^[6] uses are read at most once.

CLISP_LANGUAGE

specifies the language **CLISP**^[6] uses to communicate with the user. The legal values are identical to those of the **–L** option which can be used to override this **environment variable**^[12].

LC_CTYPE

specifies the locale which determines the character set in use. The value can be of the form *language* or *language_country* or *language_country.charset*, where *language* is a two–letter ISO 639 language code (lower case), *country* is a two–letter ISO 3166 country code (upper case). *charset* is an optional character set specification, and needs normally not be given because the character set can be inferred from the language and country. This **environment variable**^[12] can be overridden with the **-Edomain encoding** option.

LANG

specifies the language **CLISP**^[6] uses to communicate with the user, unless it is already specified through the **environment variable**^[12] **CLISP_LANGUAGE** or the **–L** option. It also specifies the locale determining the character set in use, unless already specified through the **environment variable**^[12] **LC_CTYPE**. The value may begin with a two–letter ISO 639 language code, for example **en**, **de**, **fr**.

HOME

USER

used for determining the value of the function USER-HOMEDIR-PATHNAME^[34].

SHELL

COMSPEC

is used to find the interactive command interpreter called by EXT:SHELL.

TERM

determines the screen size recognized by the pretty printer.

ORGANIZATION

```
for SHORT-SITE-NAME<sup>[53]</sup> and LONG-SITE-NAME<sup>[53]</sup> in config.lisp.
```

CLHSROOT

for CUSTOM:CLHS-ROOT in config.lisp.

IMPNOTES

for **CUSTOM:IMPNOTES-ROOT** in config.lisp.

EDITOR

for editor-name in config.lisp.

```
LOGICAL_HOST_host_FROM
LOGICAL_HOST_host_TO
LOGICAL HOST host
```

for CUSTOM:*LOAD-LOGICAL-PATHNAME-TRANSLATIONS-DATABASE*

INPUT AND OUTUT

See Section 21.1.1, "Initialization of Standard Streams".

SEE ALSO

```
CLISP impnotes
clisp-link(1)
CMU CL<sup>[54]</sup> – cmucl(1)
SBCL<sup>[55]</sup> – sbcl(1)
Emacs<sup>[23]</sup> – emacs(1)
```

BUGS

When you encounter a bug in CLISP^[6] or in its documentation (this manual page or CLISP impnotes), please report it to the CLISP^[6] SourceForge bug tracker^[56]. Login, either to your SourceForge^[57]

account, or to your $\mathbf{OpenID}^{[58]}$ account. Then click the "Create Ticket" link on the left-hand side.

Before submitting a bug report, please take the following basic steps to make the report more useful:

- Unless your bug is locale-specific, please set your locale to en. You *cannot* assume that CLISP^[6] maintainers understand a language other than English^[59], even though, historically, few CLISP^[6] maintainers spoke English natively.
- 2. Do a clean build (remove your build directory and build CLISP^[6] with ./configure --cbcx build or at least do a make distclean before make).
- 3. If you are reporting a "hard crash" (segmentation fault, bus error, core dump etc), please do **./configure --with-debug --cbcx build-g; cd build-g; gdb lisp.run**, then load the appropriate linking set by either **base** or **full gdb**^[60] command, and report the backtrace (see also Q: A.1.1.10).
- 4. If you are using pre-built binaries and experience a hard crash, the problem is likely to be in the incompatibilities between the platform on which the binary was built and yours; please try compiling the sources and report the problem if it persists.

When submitting a bug report, please specify the following information:

- 1. What is your platform (**uname –a** on a **UNIX**^[42] system)?
- 2. Please supply the full output (copy and paste) of all the error messages.
- 3. Please provide detailed instructions on how to reproduce the problem.
- 4. Where did you get the CLISP^[6] sources or binaries? When? (Absolute dates, e.g., "2006–01–17", are preferred over the relative ones, e.g., "2 days ago". If you are using **Git**^[61], please supply the output of **git rev-list --max-count=1 HEAD**).
- 5. If you are reporting a build failure:
 - 1. What is your compiler version?
 - 2. What is your $GNU^{[8]}$ libc^[62] version (on $GNU^{[8]}/Linux^{[63]}$)?
 - 3. What is the version of each of the DEPENDENCIES (file in the CLISP sources)?
 - 4. How did you run configure (file in the CLISP sources)? We need the options you used as well as the values of the **environment variable**^[12]s

CC CFLAGS CPPFLAGS LDFLAFS LD_LIBRARY_PATH

5. Please attach all build logs.

6. If you have a working **CLISP**^[6], please supply the output of **clisp** --version

PROJECTS

- Enhance the compiler so that it can inline local functions.
- Embed CLISP^[6] in VIM^[64].

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Co-maintainer since 1998.

Others

See COPYRIGHT (file in the CLISP sources) for the list of other contributors and the license.

COPYRIGHT

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NOTES

1. Common Lisp

https://common-lisp.net

2. read-eval-print loop

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/sec_25-1-1

3 READ

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_readcm_re_g-whitespace.html

4. EVAL

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_eval.html

5. PRINT

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_writecm_p_rintcm_princ.html

6. CLISP

http://clisp.org

7. LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_lisp-impl_tion-version.html

8. GNU

https://www.gnu.org

9. GPL

https://www.gnu.org/copyleft/gpl.html

10. SYMBOL-MACRO

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/mac_define-symbol-macro

11. **gzip**

http://www.gzip.org/

12. environment variable

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/basedefs/V1_chap08.html

13. *LOAD-VERBOSE*

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/var_stload-pr_ad-verbosest.html

14. *COMPILE-VERBOSE*

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/var_stcompile_le-verbosest.html

15. **T**

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/convar_t.html

16. **NIL**

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/convar_nil.html

17. continuable

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/clhs/glo

18. ERROR

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/contyp_error.html

19. WARNING

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/contyp_warning.html

20. INVOKE-DEBUGGER

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_invoke-debugger.html

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21. **ABORT**

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_abortcm_c_cm_use-value.html

22. SIGNAL

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_signal.html

23. Emacs

https://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/

24. SLIME

https://common-lisp.net/project/slime/

25. ILISP

https://sourceforge.net/projects/ilisp/

26. readline

http://tiswww.case.edu/php/chet/readline/readline.html

27. ASCII

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ASCII

28. *PACKAGE*

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/var_stpackagest.html

29. *PRINT-CASE*

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/var_stprint-casest.html

30. "COMMON-LISP-USER"

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/sec_11-1-2-2

31. **LOAD**

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_load.html

32. COMPILE

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_compile.html

33. "run

control" (RC)

http://www.faqs.org/docs/artu/ch10s03.html

34. USER-HOMEDIR-PATHNAME

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_user-homedir-pathname.html

35. DISASSEMBLE

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_disassemble.html

36. *STANDARD-OUTPUT*

 $http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/var_stdebug-i_ace-outputst.html\\$

37. LIST

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/syscla_list.html

38. ANSI

https://www.ansi.org/

39. The American National Standards Institute

40. ANSI

https://webstore.ansi.org

41. SYMBOL

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/syscla_symbol.html

42. UNIX

http://www.unix.org/online.html

43. Win32

https://winehq.org/

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44. #'

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/sec_2-4-8-2

45. #P

[set \$man.base.url.for.relative.links]/sec_2-4-8-14

46. bash

https://www.gnu.org/software/bash/

47. John Foderaro

http://www.franz.com/~jkf/

48. **DEFVAR**

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/mac_defparametercm_defvar.html

49. DEFUN

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/mac_defun.html

50. **DEFMACRO**

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/mac_defmacro.html

51. COMPILE-FILE

http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_compile-file.html

52. **C**

http://c-faq.com/

53. SHORT-SITE-NAME

 $http://www.ai.mit.edu/projects/iiip/doc/CommonLISP/HyperSpec/Body/fun_short-sit_ng-site-name.html\\$

54. CMU CL

https://www.cons.org/cmucl/

55. **SBCL**

http://www.sbcl.org/

56. SourceForge bug tracker

https://sourceforge.net/p/clisp/bugs/

57. SourceForge

https://sourceforge.net

58. OpenID

http://openid.net/

59. English

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60. **gdt**

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61. Git

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62. libo

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63. Linux

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64. VIM

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